

Toxicity of Hydrogen Peroxide to two lifestages of Cold-, Cool-, and Warmwater Fish

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Objectives

- Determine the most sensitive representative species to hydrogen peroxide.
- Determine if life stages are similarily sensitive to hydrogen peroxide.
- Develop a model to predict mortality at a given treatment concentration and exposure time.

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Methods and Materials

- **◆** Test Chemical
 - Hydrogen peroxide 35% Food Grade
 Du Pont Chemical Co
- Verification of treatment concentration
 - Potassium permanganate titration
 - Triplicate sample from one aquaria, single sample from others in concentration group



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Range-Finding Exposures

- Exposure Vessels
 - ◆ 25 L stainless steel 15 L
- Static Exposures
 - Five fish per concentration
 - ◆ 78, 157, 313, 625, and 1250 uL hydrogen peroxide/L
 - Mortality monitored at 60 and 180 min
- ◆ Determine LC50

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Definitive Exposures

- ◆ Exposure Concentration
 - High concentration = LC50 (Range-finding)
 - Lower concentrations = 60% dilution of higher
- Exposures
 - ◆ 60 or 180 min
 - Three exposures Every other day

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Definitive Exposures cont.

- Exposure Vessels
 - ◆ 20 L glass aquaria 15±1 L volume
 - Gravity fed via common head box
- ◆ Test System
 - Three aquaria per concentration group
 - Five to eight fish per aquaria
 - ◆ Flow rate 400 mL/min



Exposure Systems





Methods



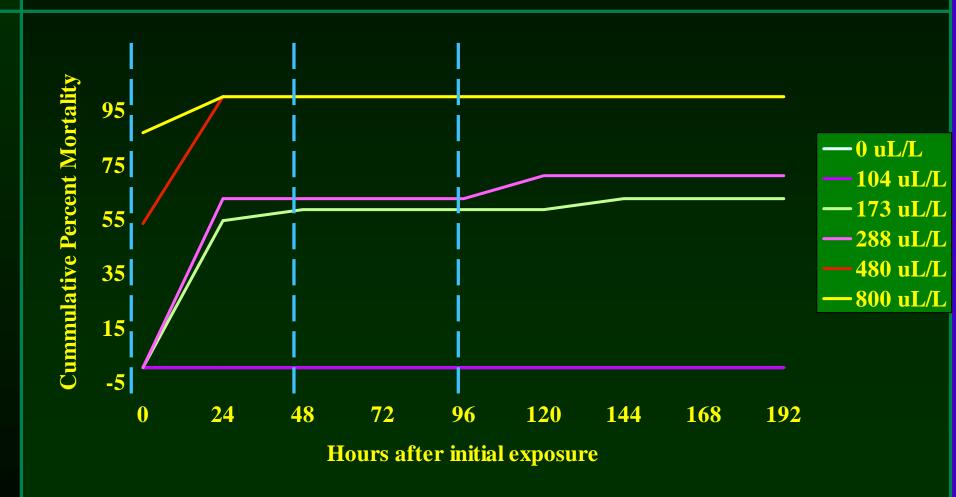
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Species and Lifestages Tested

	Lif	Stage	Test
Species	Fry	Fingerling	Temperature
Atlantic salmon	-	X	12
Bluegill	X	X	22, 22
Channel catfish	X	X	22, 22
Fathead minnow	X	X	22, 22
Lake trout	-	X	12
Largemouth bass	X	X	22, 22
Muskellunge	X	X	17, 17
Northern pike	X	X	12, 17
Paddlefish	-	X	22
Pallid sturgeon	X	X	17, 17
Rainbow trout	X	X	12, 12
Walleye	X	X	17, 17
White sucker	X	X	22, 17
Yellow perch	X	X	22, 22



Results - Muskellunge Fry

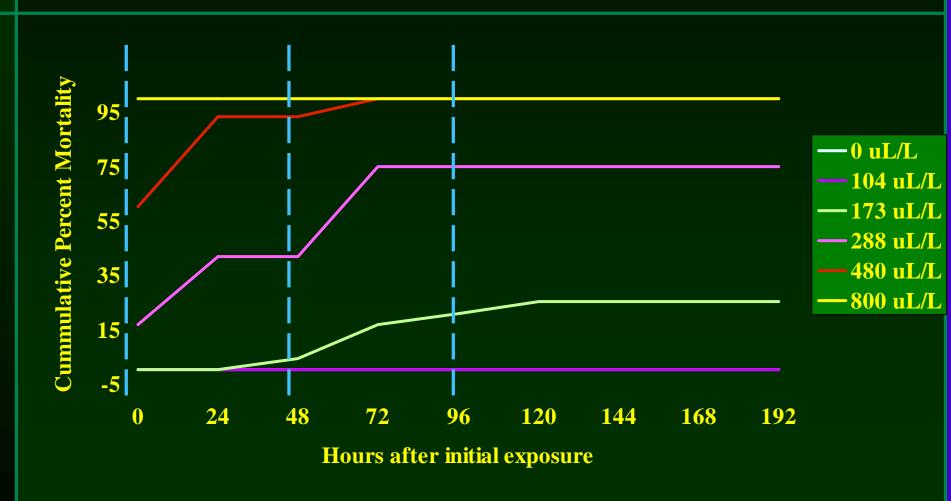


mean weight - 0.43 g/fish

mean TL - 50 mm



Results - Muskellunge Fingerling

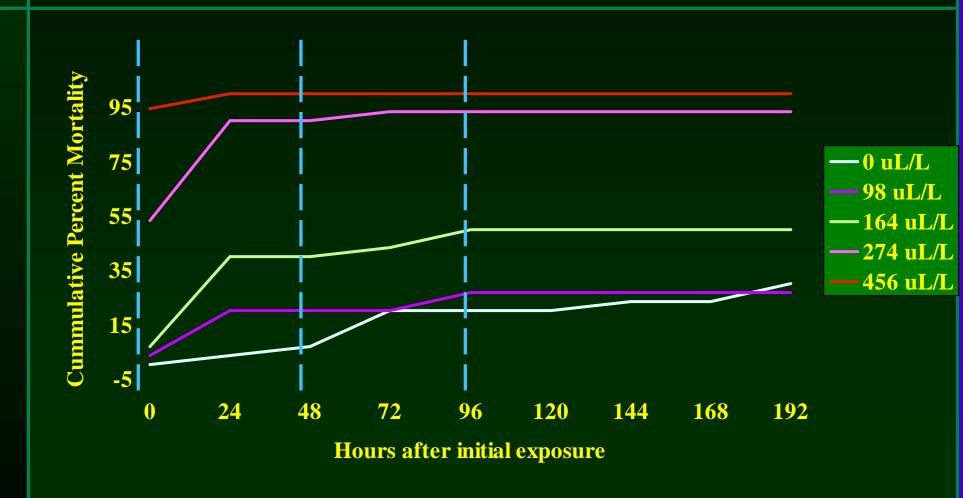


mean weight - 31.7 g/fish

mean TL - 182 mm



Results - Northern Pike Fry

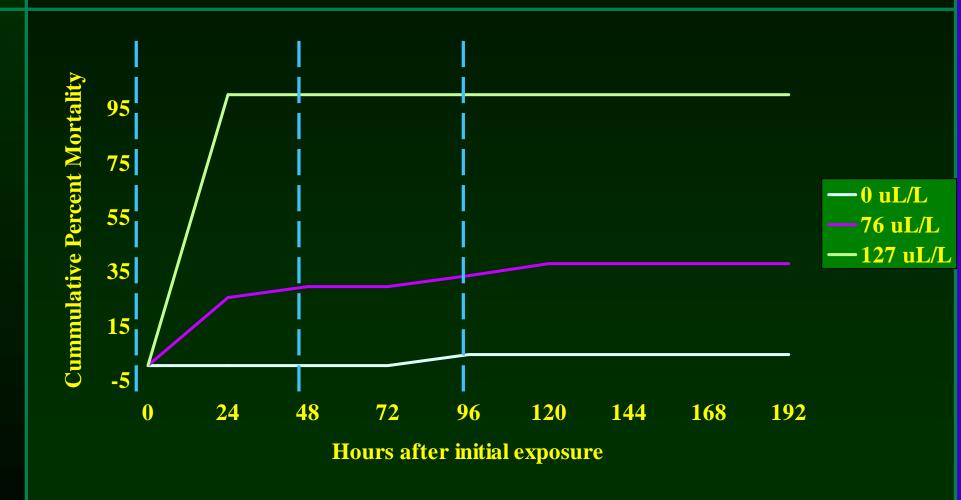


mean weight - 0.32 g/fish

mean TL - 39 mm



Results - Northern Pike Fingerling

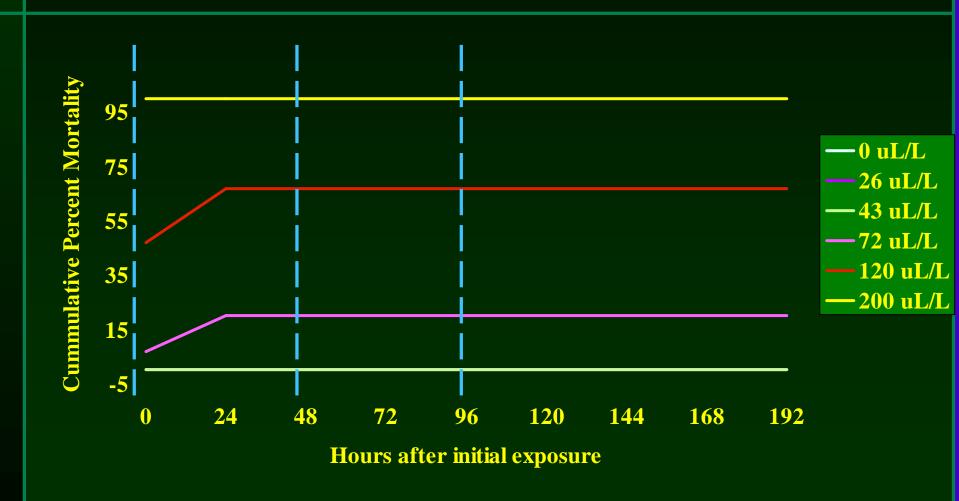


mean weight - 7.23 g/fish

_____ mean TL - 105 mm

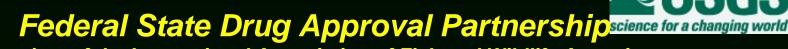


Results - Walleye Fry

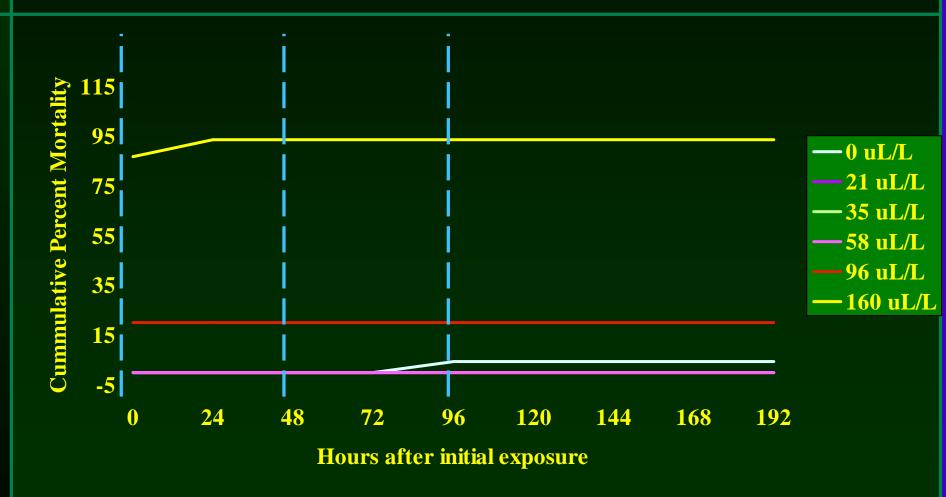


mean weight - 0.39 g/fish

mean TL - 36 mm



Results - Walleye Fingerlings

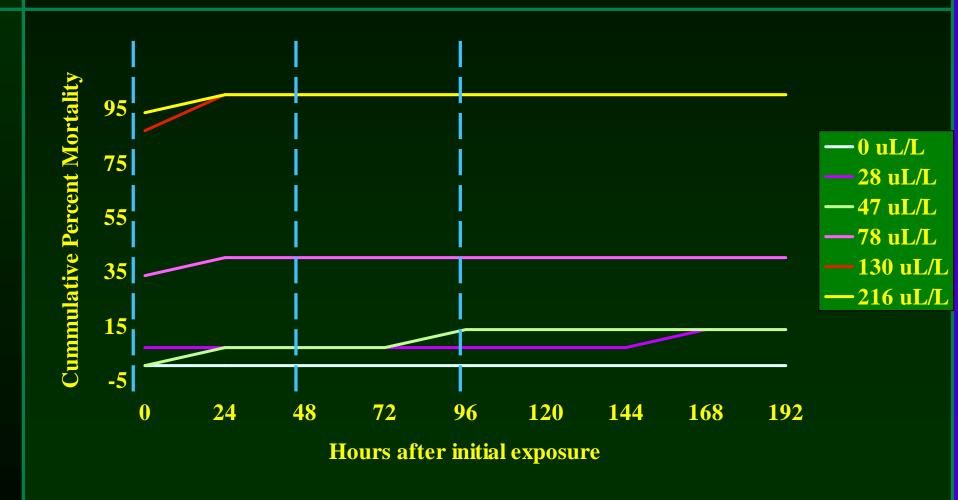


mean weight - 6.02 g/fish

mean TL - 94 mm



Results - Yellow Perch Fry

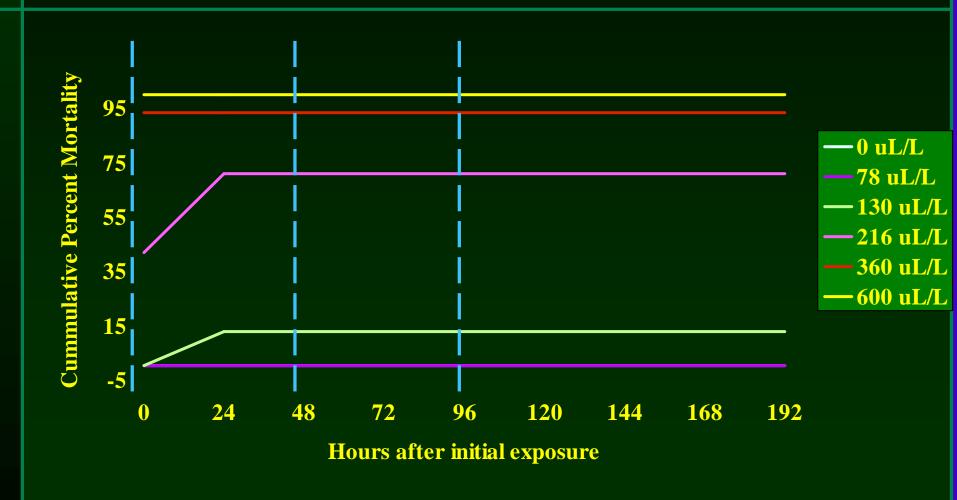


mean weight - 0.58 g/fish

mean TL - 36 mm



Results - Yellow Perch Fingerling

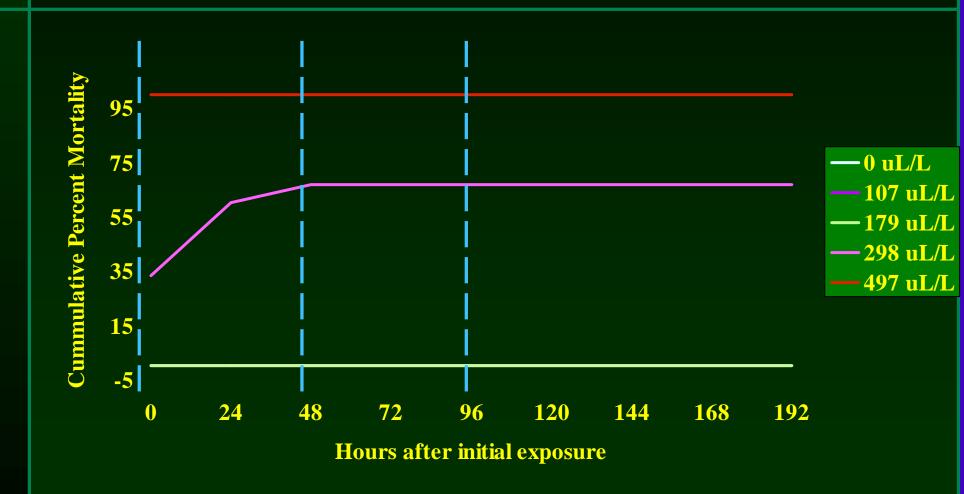


mean weight - 4.83 g/fish

mean TL - 78 mm



Results - Largemouth Bass Fry

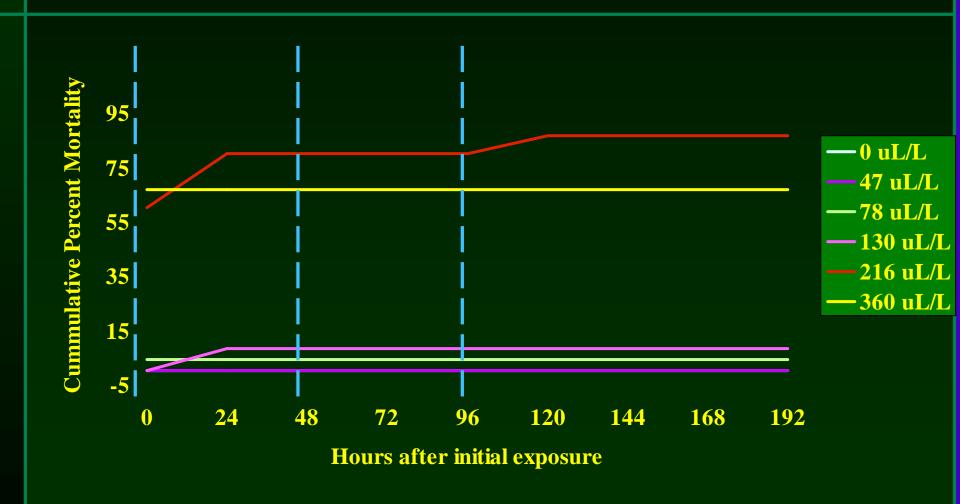


mean weight - 0.91 g/fish

mean TL - 40 mm



Results - Largemouth Bass Fingerling

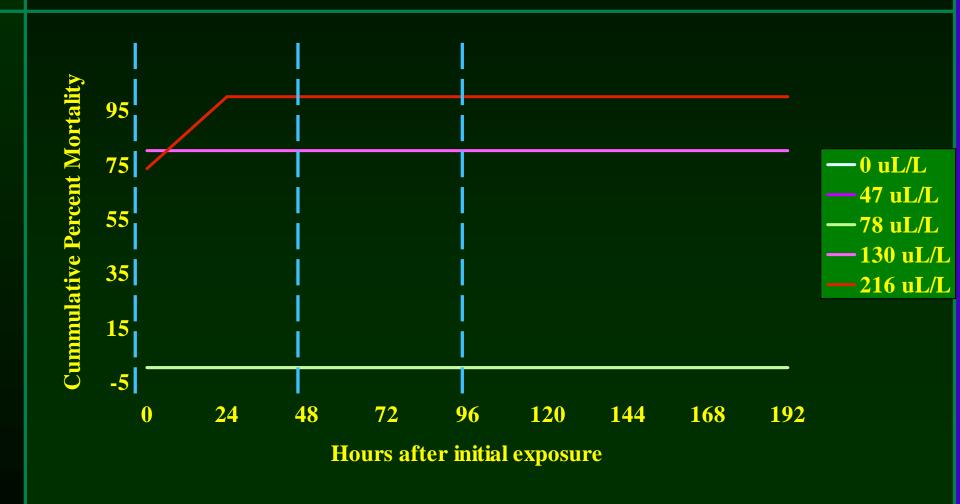


mean weight - 5.81 g/fish

mean TL - 77 mm



Results - Bluegill Fry

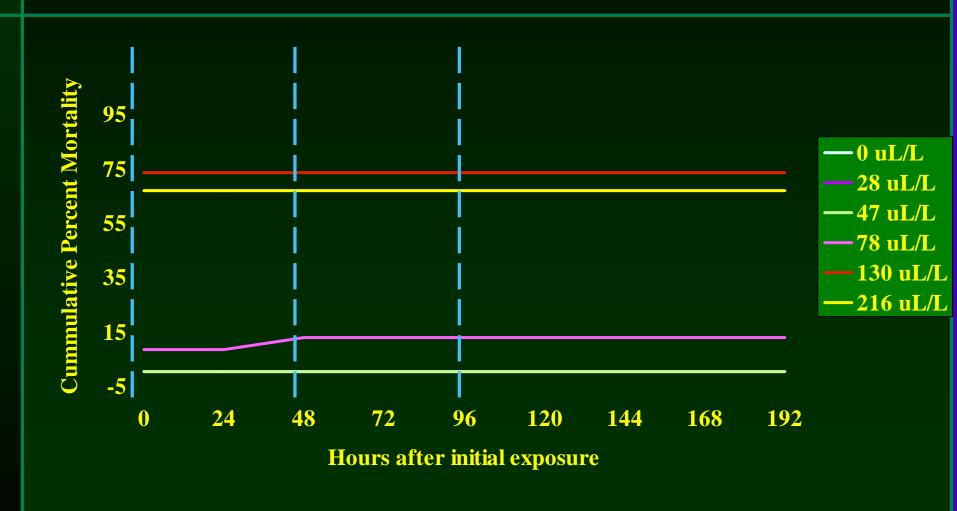


mean weight - 0.20 g/fish

mean TL - 25 mm



Results - Bluegill Fingerling

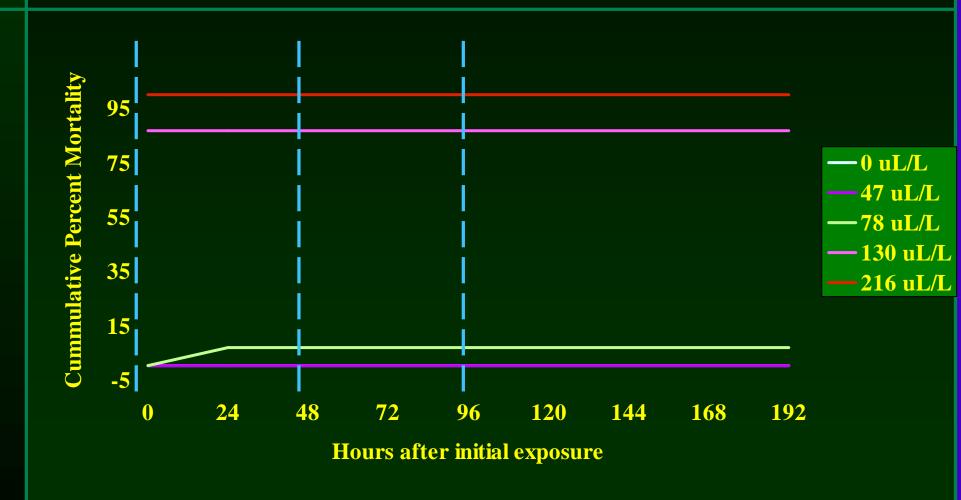


mean weight - 1.07 g/fish

mean TL - 42 mm



Results - Channel CatfishFry

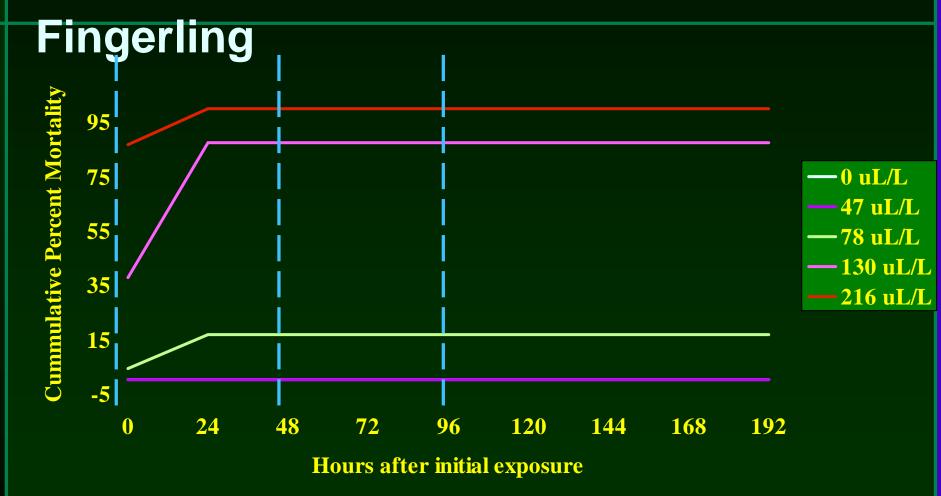


mean weight - 0.62 g/fish

mean TL - 42 mm



Results - Channel Catfish



mean weight - 4.32 g/fish

mean TL - 85 mm

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No Observed Effect Concentration (NOEC)

	NOE((uL/L)	Test
Species	Fy	Fingerling	Temperature
Atlantic salmon		C 221 / 120	12
Bluegill	B 78 / 47	B 47 / 47	22, 22
Channel catfish	B 47 / 28	B 47 /28	22, 22
Fathead minnow	A 47 / 28	B 47 / 47	22, 22
Lake trout		C 298 / 68	12
Largemouth bass	C 179 / 91	C 78 / 47	22, 22
Muskellunge	C 104 / 54	C 104 / 78	17, 17
Northern pike	B 98 / 54	A 76 / 32	12, 17
Paddlefish		A 65	22
Pallid sturgeon	A 114 / 28	B 93 / 47	17, 17
Rainbow trout	C 188 / 78	C 162 / 81	12, 12
Walleye	B 43 / 43	B 58 / 28	17, 17
White sucker	A 47 / 28	B 78 / 47	22, 17
Yellow perch	A 47 / 15	B 78 / 78	22, 22

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Conclusions

- Most mortality occured within 24 hours after the initial exposure.
- BLG, CCF, WAE, and YEP fry were similarly sensitive.
- ATS, LAT, RBT, LMB, and MUE were the least sensitive.
- Fry and fingerlings were similarly sensitive for most species.